

## Bithidh mi a' dol a dh'Alba

This exercise is designed to help you talk about what you have done in Scotland, or will do when you are lucky enough to go. Use the accompanying map to pick a starting point, and a place to go. Identify from the map a possible mode or modes of transportation from your starting point and ending point. You can use the sites from the Place-Names sheet to make a decision about where you would like to go. You can assume that all destinations have shops, hotels, restaurants, etc.

An example of a completed exercise would be:

Tha mi à Ameireaga.

Tha mi ann an Glaschu.

Bithidh mi a' dol a Dhùn Èideann.

Bithidh mi a' ghabhail an tràin.

Nuair a bhitheas mi ann, bithidh mi a' dol dhan chaisteal.

### Tha mi à... / I am from...

Cò às a tha sibh?

Tha mi à Ameireaga. (boir.)

Tha mi às Na Stàitean Aonaichte. (boir.)

'S e Ameireaganach a th' annam. (fir.)

Tha mi à Port Rìgh.

Tha mi à Glaschu. (boir.)

Tha mi às Na Hearadh.

Tha mi às An Eilean Sgitheanach.

Tha mi à Barraigh. (fir.)

### Tha mi ann an... / I am in...

'Ann am' and 'ann an' mean 'in' and 'in a.'

'Ann am' is used when initial letter is m, b, f, p, otherwise use 'ann an.'

Tha mi ann an Glaschu.

Tha mi ann an Dùn Èideann.

Tha mi ann an Obar Dheathain.

Tha mi ann an Uibhist.

Tha mi ann an Ile.

Tha mi ann am Port Rìgh.

Tha mi ann am Peairt.

Tha mi ann an Steòrnabhagh.

Tha mi ann an Dùn Deagh.

Tha mi ann am Muile.

Tha mi ann am Barraigh.

## Ann's + the is used for 'in the.'

Initial Letter of the Place-Name	Form of 'in the'
f	anns an (+lenition)
b, c, g, m p	anns a' (+lenition)
other	anns an

Tha mi anns an (san) Eilean Sgitheanach.

Tha mi anns a' Ghearastan.

Tha mi anns a' Ghàidhealtachd.

Tha mi anns an Oban.

Tha mi anns an Eaglais Bhreac.

Tha mi anns a' Bhàgh a Tuath.

Tha mi ann an taigh-òsda.

Tha sinn a' fuireach anns an taigh-òsda.

Tha mi ag obair ann an taigh-òsda.

## Tha mi a' dol a ... / I am going to...

A/Do 'to'

For place names without a built in 'the,' use 'a (+lenition)' for 'to' or 'to a.' If the following word begins with a vowel, use 'a dh'.'

Tha mi a' dol a Dhùn Èideann.

Tha mi a' dol a Bharraigh.

Tha mi a' dol a Ghlaschu.

Tha mi a' dol a dh'Inbhir Nis.

Tha mi a' dol a dh'Ile.

For place names with a built in 'the,' the preposition 'do' combines with 'the' to form 'dhan.'

If the following word starts with b, c, f, g, m or p, then it's 'dhan' + lenition.

Tha mi a' dol dhan Oban.

Tha mi a' dol dha Na Hearadh.

Tha mi a' dol dhan [a] Ghàidhealtach. (the 'a' in brackets is not technically necessary, but is often pronounced, much to the chagrin of linguists.)

Tha mi a' dol dhan oifis.

Tha mi a' dol dhan taigh bheag.

## Bithidh mi a' gabhail \_\_\_\_\_ . / I will take \_\_\_\_\_.

bus (fir.) / bus

càr (fir.) / car

trèan (boir.) / train

bàta (fir.) / boat

bàt'-aiseig (fir.) / ferry

plèan(a) (fir.) / plane

itealan (fir.) / plane

am bus (fir.) / the bus

an càr (fir.) / the car

an trèan (boir.) / the train

am bàta (fir.) / the boat

am bàt'-aiseig (fir.) / the ferry

am plèan(a) (fir.) / the plane

an itealan (fir.) / the plane

## Nuair a bhitheas mi ann, bithidh mi a' dol \_\_\_\_\_ . / When I am there, I will go to \_\_\_\_\_.

eaglais (boir.) / church

tobhta (boir.) / ruin

stèisean (fir.) / station

banca (fir.) / bank

ospadal (fir.) / hospital

sgoil (boir.) / school

bùth (boir.) / shop

an eaglais / the church

an tobhta / the ruin, na tobhtaichean / the ruins

an stèisean / the station

am banca / the bank

an t-ospadal / the hospital

an sgoil / the school

a' bhùth / the shop

taigh-òsta (fir.) / hotel

taigh-seinnse (fir.) / pub

taigh-bidhe (fir.) / restaurant

an taigh-òsta / the hotel

an taigh-seinnse / the pub

an taigh-bidhe / the restaurant

an lann-cluiche (boir.) / the stadium

an leabharlann (boir.) / the library

bùth nan reòiteagan (boir.) / the ice-cream shop

meadhan a' bhaile (fir.) / the center of town

Bithidh mi a' dol a thaigh-òsta.

Bithidh mi a' dol dhan taigh-òsta.

Bithidh mi a' dol gu bùth.

Bithidh mi a' dol dhan bhùth.